Intervention to delay age at first conception and avert the adverse consequences of early motherhood among Married Adolescent Girls

A. Dyalchand

Ashish Gram Rachna Trust (AGRT) / Institute of Health Management, Pachod



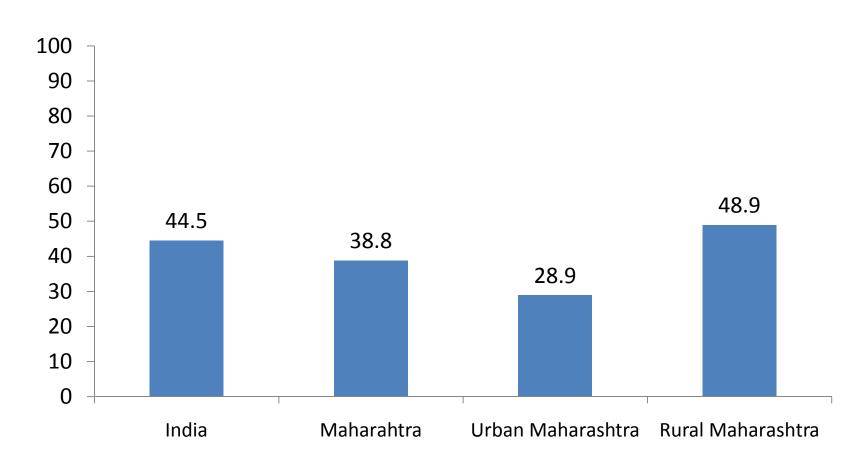
Why married adolescent girls (MAGs)?



Meera - married at age 13
Had one miscarriage & one fetal death before she reached 17 years
There are millions of girls like Meera in India

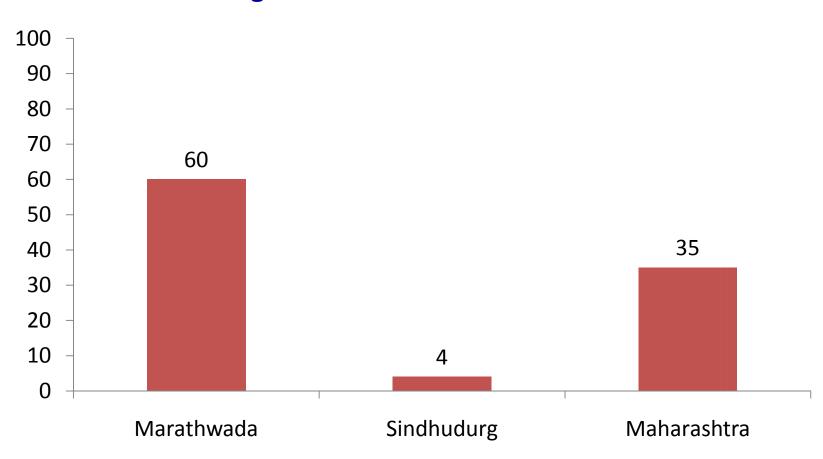
Why married adolescent girls (MAGs)?

Prevalence of Early Marriage (< 18 years) among Women 20-24 yrs (NFHS 2006)

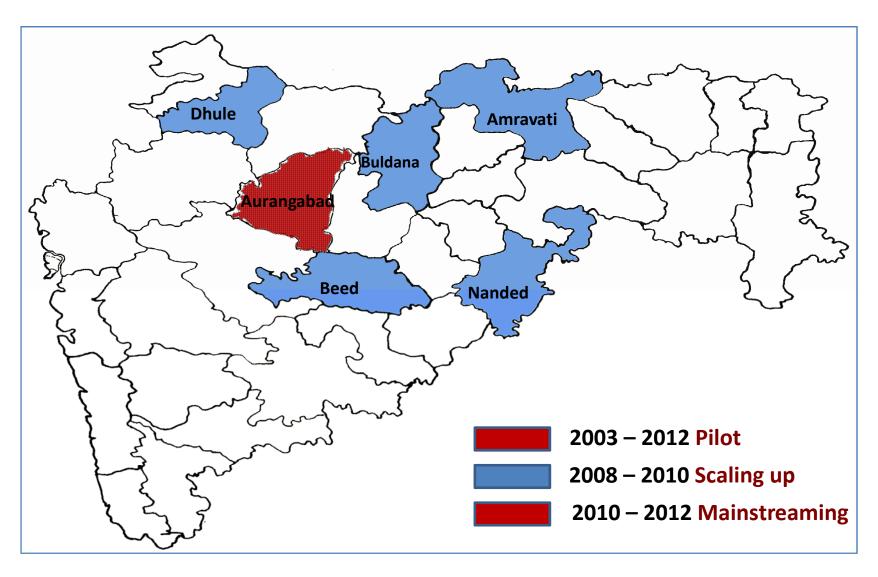


Prevalence of Early Marriage in Maharashtra

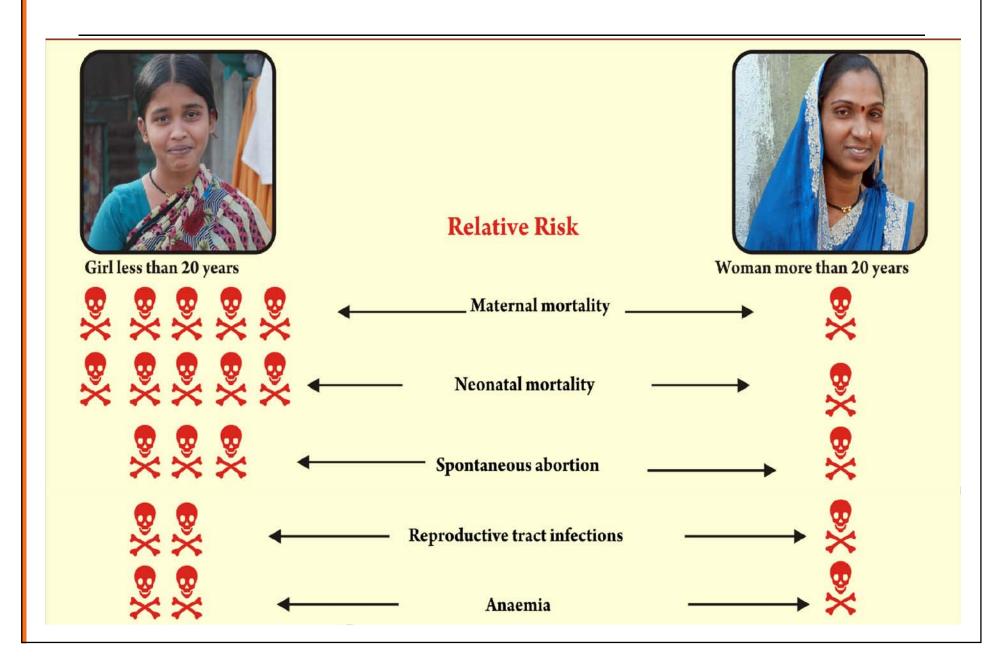
Proportion of Girls Getting Married Before Age 18 Years in Maharashtra



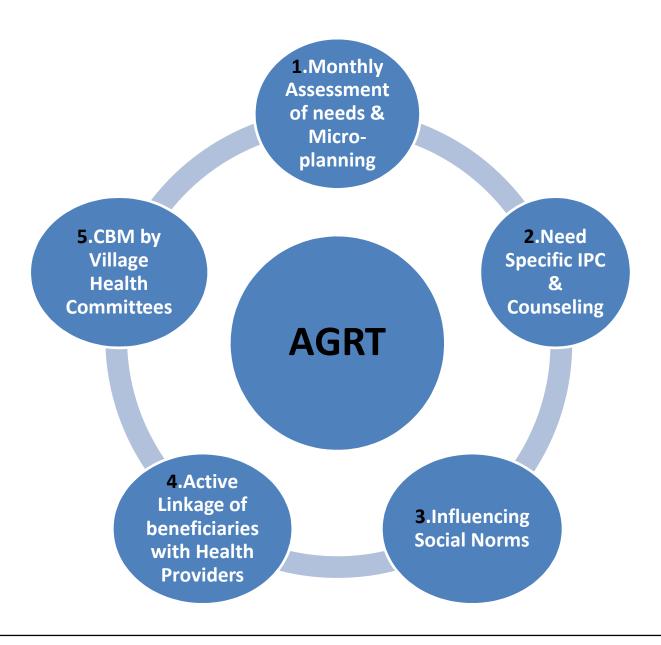
Intervention sites – Maharashtra



Consequences of early marriage & conception



Model - 5 Discrete Interventions



1. Monthly assessment by ASHAs of:

- Health service needs
- Information needs
- Morbidity



2. Need Specific IPC & Counseling



ASHAs provide information & counseling specific to the needs of MAGs & their families



3. Create Space for Young Married Couples



Influencing Social Norms

4. ASHA actively links adolescent girls to ANMs & PHCs









5. VHSCs – Community based monitoring



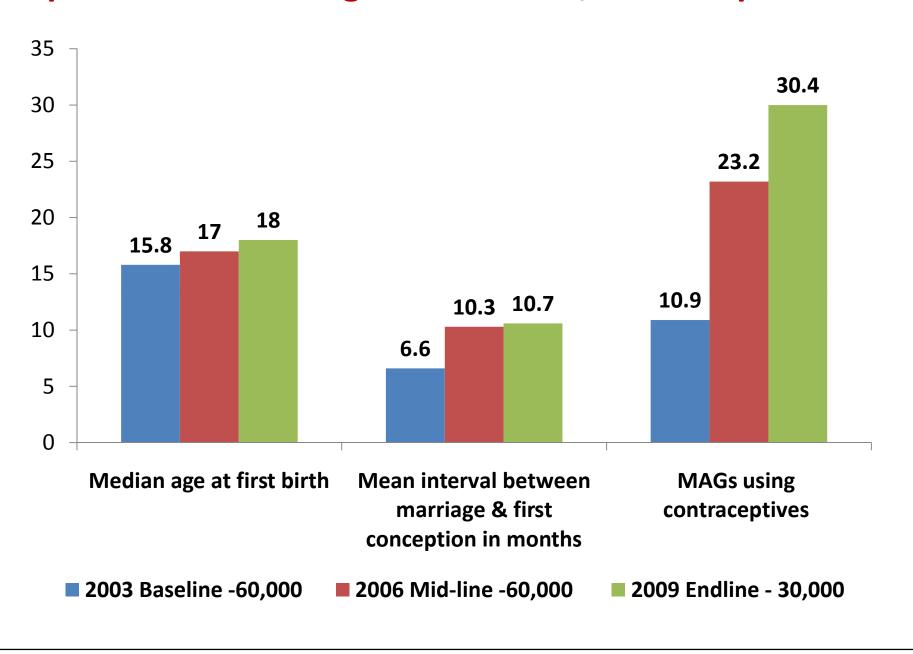
VHSC Reviews Needs Assessed by ASHA and Service Delivery by ANM

Capacity building of ASHAs & ANMs for skills related to 5 interventions

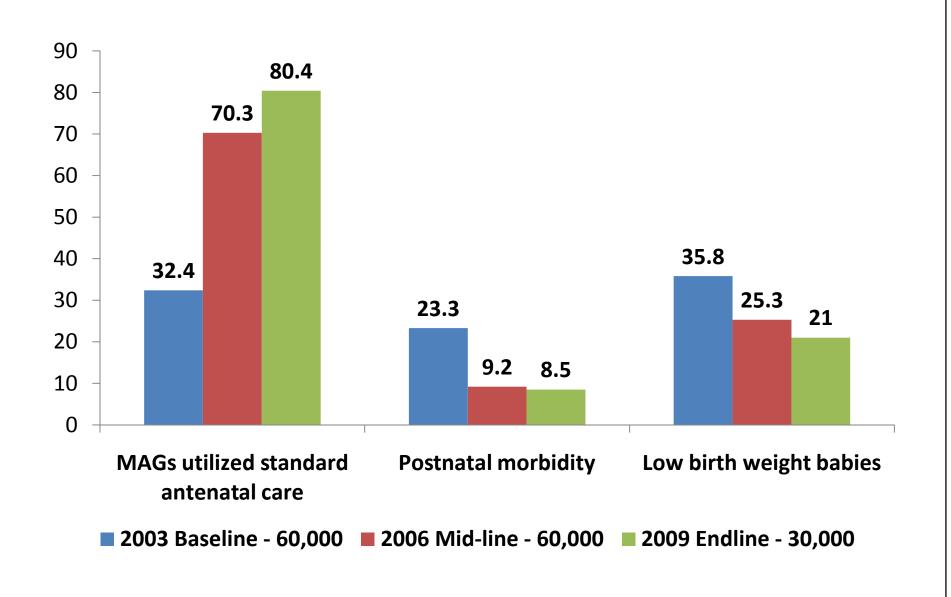


Over-arching Input

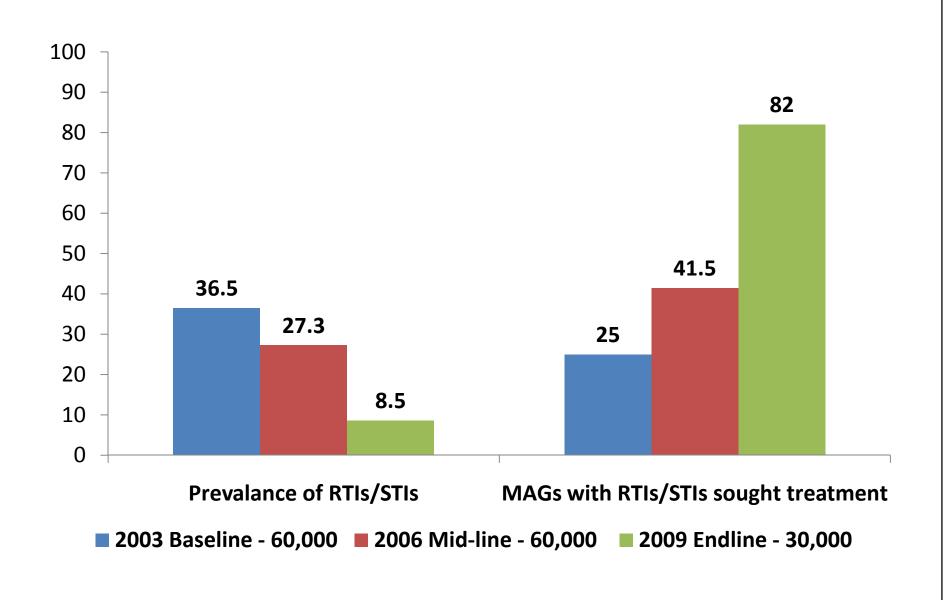
Impact indicators – Age at first birth, contraceptive use



Impact indicators – Maternal & Neonatal health



Impact indicators – Reproductive Health



Impact indicators – Intervention Vs Control sites – Evaluation - 2006

Intervention area - 2006	Control area 2006
17.0	15.9
23.2%	07.0%
70.3%	58.0%
25.3%	40.0%
27.3%	36.0%
	area - 2006 17.0 23.2% 70.3%

USP – readiness for scalability

Pre tested Systems & Protocols for:

- Surveillance of Health Needs
- Monthly Micro-planning
- IPC and counseling material
- Community based monitoring
- Culturally appropriate scale to measure empowerment
 - Rural Adolescent Girls (Principal Component Analysis)

Demonstrated capacity for

- Managing partnerships
- Training & capacity building
- Management information systems
- Monitoring & evaluation

Scalability

- Model scaled up in 5 districts through NGOs –
 External evaluation Outcomes same as pilot
- Mainstreamed with RCH in public sector in one block – 196 villages 250,000 population – Significant change in SRH Status of MAGs

Inputs at scaling up

- 1. Skills development
- 2. Systems design
- 3. Protocols, tools and materials
- 4. Monitoring and Evaluation

Future Plans

Integrated Adolescent SRH Programme:

In addition to SRH of married adolescent girls we have included:

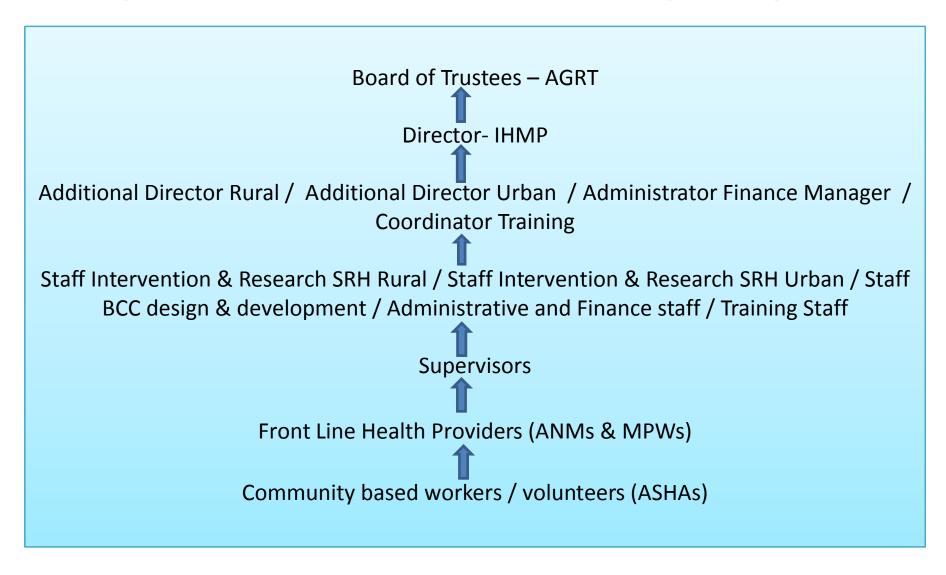
- 1: Empowerment of unmarried adolescent girls through LSE
- 2: Gender sensitization of young men to reduce domestic violence and gender inequitable behaviors

Future Plans

 Implement the integrated programme in 30,000 rural population

- Adapt the integrated programme for adolescents in 30,000 urban slum population
- Scale up Integrated model to cover 10,000 adolescent girls and young men

Organization structure / Organogram



Leadership

- Dr. A. Dyalchand M.B.B.S, CMC, Vellore, MPH, JHU, Baltimore (Health Management & Epidemiology)
- Ms. Manisha Khale M.Sc. Nutrition; M.Sc. Community Health,
 LSHTM London (Sexual and Reproductive Health)
- Mr. Gopal Kulkarni M.Sc, Statistics, Training in Epidemiology, JHU Baltimore (MIS, M&E & Research)
- Dr. Nandita kapadia Kundu MPH, PhD, JHU Baltimore (Behavioural Sciences)
- Mr Koshy Abraham Diploma in Hospital Administration (D.H.A),
 CMC, Vellore; Post Graduate Diploma in Business Management (Financial Management)

Thank You

Address:

Ashish Gram Rachna Trust / Institute of Health Management Pachod

Pachod office : Pune office :

At Post – Pachod, 32/2/2 Sonai Park,

Tq: Paithan, Khardi,

Dist – Aurangabad Pune – 14

Email <u>—dyalchand@gmail.com</u>; <u>manisha.khale@gmail.com</u>

Website: www.ihmp.org